

# MATH 451/551

## Chapter 1. Introduction

### 1.3.2 Algebra of Sets

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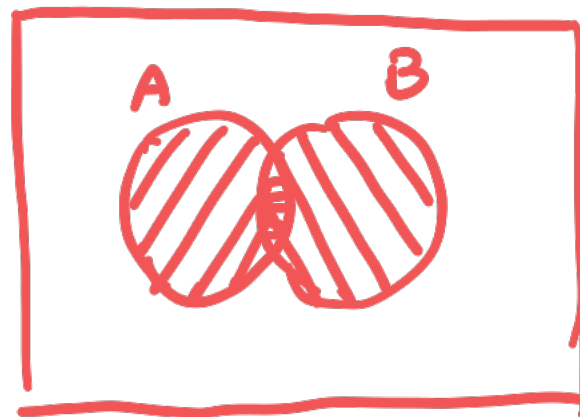
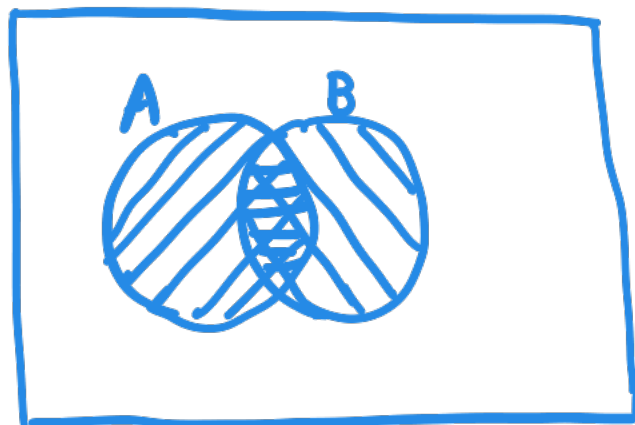
## Commutativity

$$\textcircled{1} (A \cup B) = (B \cup A)$$

$$\textcircled{2} (A \cap B) = (B \cap A)$$

$A \cup B$

$B \cup A$



$$A \cup B = B \cup A$$

Proof:  $\textcircled{1} (A \cup B) \subseteq (B \cup A)$

$$x \in (A \cup B) \Rightarrow x \in A \vee x \in B \Rightarrow x \in (B \cup A)$$

$$\therefore (A \cup B) \subseteq (B \cup A)$$

$$\textcircled{2} (B \cup A) \subseteq (A \cup B)$$

$$x \in (B \cup A) \Rightarrow x \in B \vee x \in A \Rightarrow x \in (A \cup B)$$

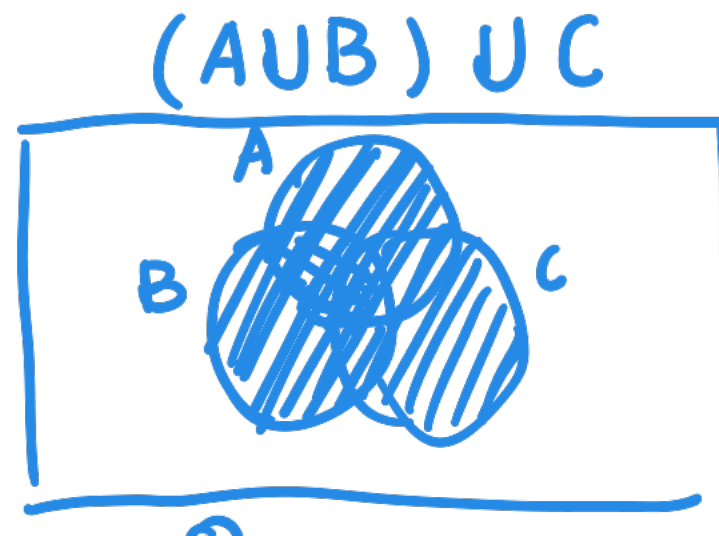
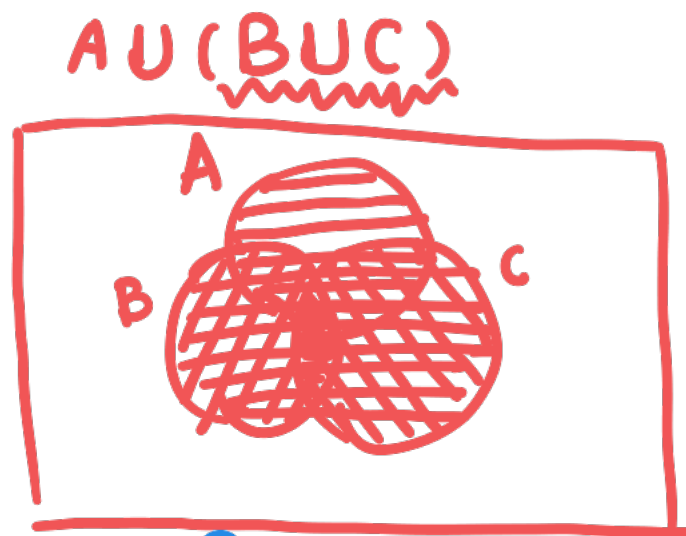
$$\therefore (B \cup A) \subseteq (A \cup B)$$

$$(A \cup B) = (B \cup A)$$

## Associativity

$$\textcircled{1} \quad A \cup (B \cup C) = (A \cup B) \cup C$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad A \cap (B \cap C) = (A \cap B) \cap C$$



$$A \cup (B \cup C) = (A \cup B) \cup C$$

Proof:  $\textcircled{1} \quad A \cup (B \cup C) \subseteq (A \cup B) \cup C$       $\textcircled{2} \quad (A \cup B) \cup C \subseteq A \cup (B \cup C)$

$x \in A \cup (B \cup C) \Rightarrow x \in A \Rightarrow x \in (A \cup B)$       $x \in (A \cup B) \cup C \Rightarrow x \in (A \cup B) \Rightarrow x \in A \Rightarrow x \in A \cup (B \cup C)$

OR

$x \in (B \cup C) \Rightarrow x \in B \Rightarrow x \in (A \cup B) \Rightarrow x \in (A \cup B) \cup C$      OR

OR

$x \in C \Rightarrow x \in (B \cup C) \Rightarrow x \in A \cup (B \cup C)$

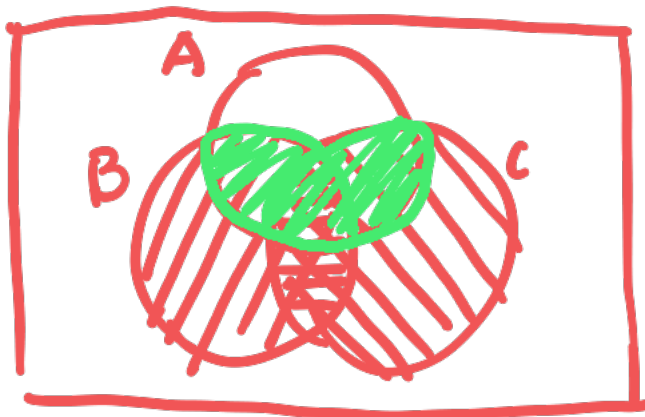
$\therefore x \in (A \cup B) \cup C$

## Distribution Laws

$$\textcircled{1} A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$$

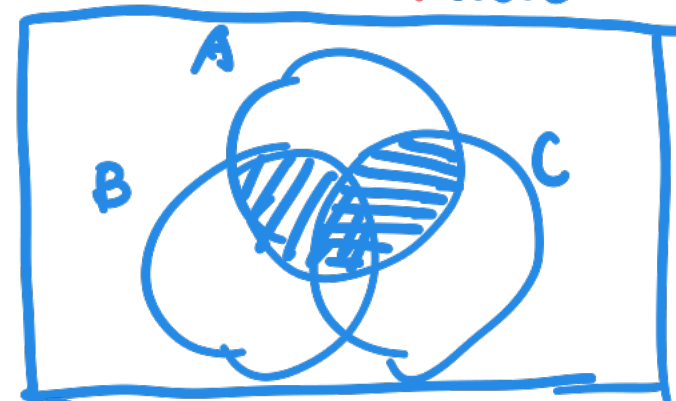
$$\textcircled{2} A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$$

$A \cap (B \cup C)$



=

$(A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$



Proof  $\textcircled{1} A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$

$x \in A \cap (B \cup C)$   
 $\Rightarrow x \in A$   
 AND  
 $x \in (B \cup C) \Rightarrow x \in B$  OR  $x \in C$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow x \in A \text{ and } x \in B \\ \text{OR} \\ \Rightarrow x \in A \text{ and } x \in C \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow x \in (A \cap B) \text{ OR } x \in (A \cap C)$

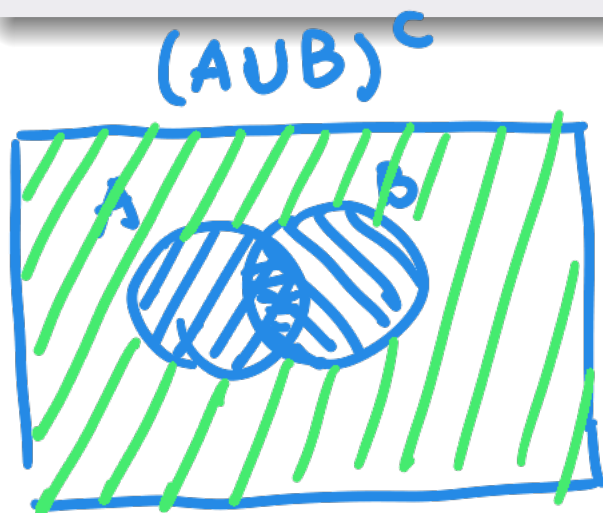
$\textcircled{2} (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C) \subseteq A \cap (B \cup C)$

$x \in (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$   
 $\Rightarrow x \in A \cap B \Rightarrow x \in A \text{ and } x \in B \Rightarrow x \in A \text{ and } x \in (B \cup C) \Rightarrow x \in A \cap (B \cup C)$   
 OR  
 $x \in A \cap C \Rightarrow x \in A \text{ and } x \in C \Rightarrow x \in A \text{ and } x \in (B \cup C) \Rightarrow x \in A \cap (B \cup C)$

## DeMorgans Laws

①  $(A \cup B)^c = (A^c) \cap (B^c)$

②  $(A \cap B)^c = (A^c) \cup (B^c)$



=



# Power Set



## Power Set

A **power set** associate with a set  $A$  is a set that consists of all possible subsets of  $A$ . including  $\Phi$ ,  $A$

1. If  $A = \{a, b\}$ , what is the power set of  $A$ ?

$$\{\underbrace{\Phi}, \underbrace{\{a\}}, \underbrace{\{b\}}, \underbrace{\{a, b\}}\}$$

$$A = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$\{\Phi, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{b, c\}, \{a, b, c\}\}$$

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$$n(A) = n$$

1st 2nd ... nth

$$4 \quad 2 \times 2 \times \dots \times 2 = 2^n$$

2. How many elements are in the power set of  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ ?

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} \text{1st} & & \text{2nd} & & \text{3rd} & & \text{4th} & & \text{5th} \\ 2 & \times & 2 & \times & 2 & \times & 2 & \times & 2 = 2^5 \end{array}$$



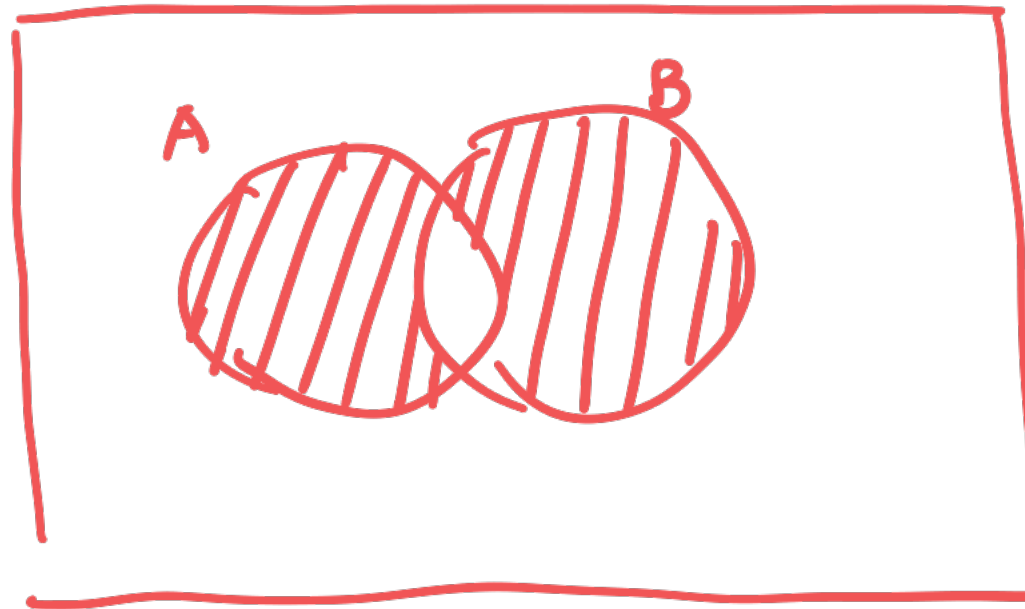
# Exclusive OR



## Exclusive OR

The **exclusive or** operator  $\oplus$  for the sets  $A$  and  $B$  is defined as

$$A \oplus B = \underbrace{(A \cap B^c)} \cup \underbrace{(A^c \cap B)}.$$

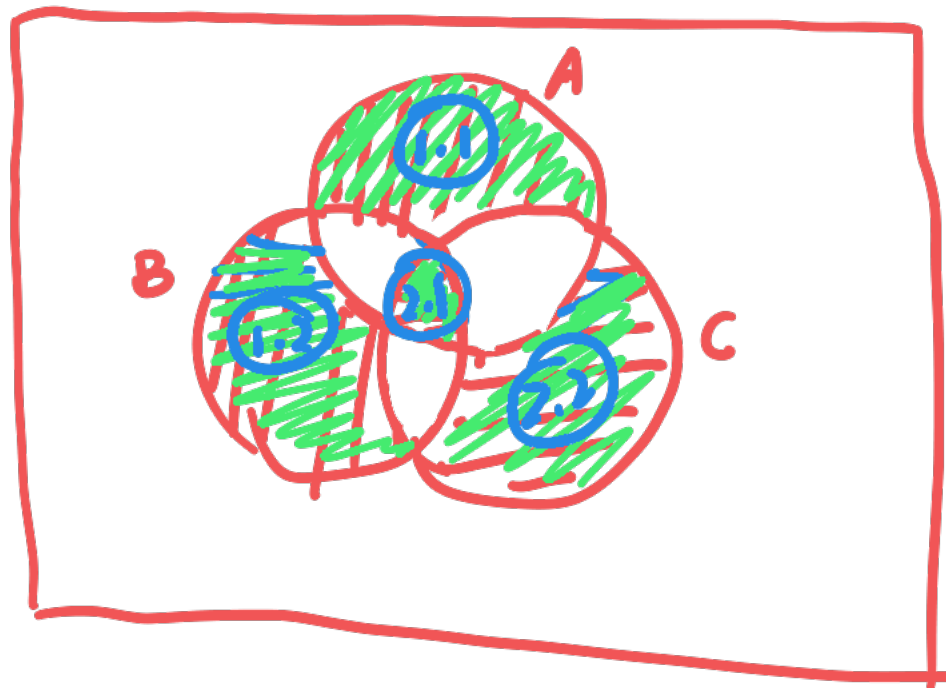


# Example



Find  $A \oplus B \oplus C$  using Venn diagram.

$$A \oplus B = \underbrace{(A \cap B^c) \cup (A^c \cap B)}$$



$$\textcircled{1} \{ \underbrace{(A \cap B^c) \cup (A^c \cap B)} \cap C^c \} \cup$$

$$\textcircled{2} \{ \underbrace{(A \cap B^c) \cup (A^c \cap B)}^c \cap C \}$$

$$\textcircled{1.1} (A \cap B^c \cap C^c) \cup \textcircled{1.2} (A^c \cap B \cap C^c) \cup$$

$$\underbrace{(A \cap B^c)^c} \cap \underbrace{(A^c \cap B)^c} \cap C$$

$$(A^c \cup B) \cap (A \cup B^c) \cap C$$

$$\left[ \{ (A^c \cup B) \cap A \} \cup \{ (A^c \cup B) \cap B^c \} \right] \cap C$$

$$\{ (B \cap A) \cup (A^c \cap B^c) \} \cap C$$

$$\textcircled{2.1} (A \cap B \cap C) \cup \textcircled{2.2} (A^c \cap B^c \cap C)$$



# Thank You



THANK YOU!